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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE	
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10	JOSHUA LEE REDDING,	CASE NO. C23-5430 MJP
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER DENYING MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION
12	V.	RECONSIDERATION
13	JORDAN BALETO, et al.,	
14	Defendants.	
15		•
16	This matter comes before the Court on Plaintiff's Motion for Reconsideration of the	
17	Court's Order Adopting the Report and Recommendation (Dkt. No. 67) and Motion for	
18	Documents (Dkt. No. 66). Having reviewed the Motions, which it construes as both Objections	
19	to the Report and Recommendation and a request for reconsideration of the Order adopting the	
20	Report and Recommendation, and all supporting materials, the Court DENIES the Motions.	
21	BACKGROUND	
22	After the Court issued an Order adopting the Report and Recommendation (R&R),	
23	Plaintiff filed a request for extension. (Dkt. No. 63.) The Court then granted Plaintiff's request	
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and allowed him additional time to file objections to the R&R and a motion for reconsideration of the Court's order adopting the R&R. (Dkt. No. 64.) Plaintiff then filed a Motion for Documents (Dkt. No. 66) and a Motion for Reconsideration (Dkt. No. 67).

## **ANALYSIS**

## A. Legal Standards

The Court reviews <u>de novo</u> those portions of a magistrate judge's report and recommendation to which a party properly objects. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3). A party properly objects when he or she files "specific written objections" to the magistrate judge's report and recommendation as required under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 72(b)(2).

"Motions for reconsideration are disfavored." Local Civil Rule 7(h)(1). "The court will ordinarily deny such motions in the absence of a showing of manifest error in the prior ruling or a showing of new facts or legal authority which could not have been brought to its attention earlier with reasonable diligence." <u>Id.</u>

## **B.** No Merit to Objections

The Court finds no merit in Plaintiff's objections to the R&R. First, Plaintiff asks the Court to "take a closer look at the evidence," though he admits he has "not been able to produce documents" that support his claims. (Dkt. No. 67 at 1.) Specifically, Plaintiff argues that his ribs were broken during the incident in question, and were not injured in a bicycling collision that occurred approximately a month before. (Id. at 1-2.) But as the R&R explained, "[e]ven factoring in the injuries Plaintiff appears to have suffered during the use of force incident, there is simply no evidence that Defendants' actions were undertaken with the intent to cause Plaintiff harm." (R&R at 14.) In other words, even if the Court accepts Plaintiff's argument that his ribs were

1	broken during the incident, he has not identified any evidence that Defendants' intended to cause	
2	him harm. This is fatal to his claim. Second, although Plaintiff has asked for additional	
3	documents, he has not specified what those documents are or why they would show a genuine	
4	issue of fact that would preclude summary judgment in Defendants' favor. The Court therefore	
5	OVERRULES the Objections and DENIES the Motion for Reconsideration. This matter shall	
6	remain terminated.	
7	The clerk is ordered to provide copies of this order to Plaintiff and all counsel.	
8	Dated August 12, 2024.	
9	Maesluf Velens	
10	Marsha J. Pechman United States Senior District Judge	
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